

Technology & Innovation Committee

"The scope of the Committee includes all NASA programs that could benefit from technology research and innovation."



Questions for NASA Administrator

- What is the appropriate percentage of NASA's budget that should be devoted to technology investment?
- What fraction of that allocation should be organizationally fenced off as "seed corn" and crosscutting investment?
- How is NASA managing its technical, critical core competencies?



T&I Committee Participants March 6, 2012 Meeting

- Dr. William Ballhaus, Chair
- Dr. Matt Mountain, HST Institute
- Mr. Gordon Eichhorst, Aperios Partners, LLP
- Dr. Susan Ying, The Boeing Company
- Dr. Dava Newman (call-in), MIT
- Committee will have an additional four members joining in Spring 2012



T&I Committee Meeting Presentations

- Office of Chief Technologist Update Dr. Mason Peck, NASA Chief Technologist
- Update and Discussion of NASA's FY 2013 Budget Request for Space Technology Program – Dr. Michael Gazarik, Director, NASA Space Technology Program
- NRC's NASA Technology Roadmap Report Dr. Raymond Colladay, National Research Council
- NASA Response Plan to NRC Report and Discussion Dr. Mason Peck, NASA Chief Technologist
- Update on HAT Technology Planning Mr. Chris Culbert, NASA Johnson Space Center
- Technology and the JWST program Mr. Rick Howard, Program Director, JWST
- Annual Ethics Briefing Ms. Kathleen Teale, NASA OGC
- Remarks by NAC Chair Dr. Steve Squyres



National Research Council Report





T&I Committee OCT Observations

Major positive progress has been made within the Space Technology Program and OCT over the past two years.

- Space Technology Program budget appropriated \$575 million in FY2012
- Over 1,000 technology projects underway
- Five Space Technology Solicitations in FY2012
 - Space Technology Research Grants
 - Game Changing Technology
 - Technology Demonstration Missions
 - Edison Small Satellites
 - NASA Innovative Advanced Concepts

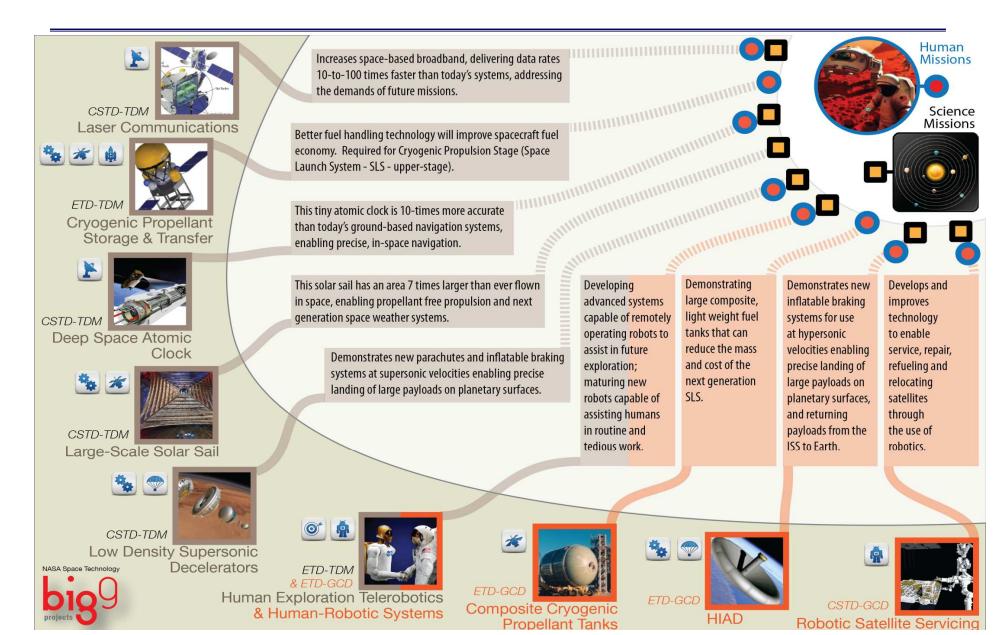


Space Technology FY 2013 President's Budget Request

Budget Authority (\$M)	FY 2012		Notional			
	Appropriation	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
FY 2013 President's Budget Request	573.7	699.0	699.0	699.0	699.0	699.0
Partnership Development and Strategic Integration	<u>29.5</u>	<u>29.5</u>	<u>29.5</u>	<u>29.5</u>	29.5	<u>29.5</u>
SBIR/STTR	166.7	173.7	181.9	187.2	195.3	206.0
	100.1	110.1	10 1.0		,00.0	
Crosscutting Space Technology Development	<u>187.7</u>	<u>293.8</u>	272.1	<u>266.6</u>	259.7	247.0
Early Stage Innovation	39.8	59.0	61.0	61.0	61.0	61.0
CSTD Game Changing Technology	61.5	66.7	73.7	69.1	58.4	58.4
CSTD Technology Demonstration Missions	65.3	128.9	103.4	102.5	106.3	93.6
Edison/Franklin Small Satellites	11.2	24.2	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0
Flight Opportunities	10.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Exploration Technology Development	<u> 189.9</u>	<u>202.0</u>	215.5	215.7	214.5	216.5
ETD Game Changing Technology	111.2	104.0	70.5	79.8	85.9	90.9
ETD Technology Demonstration Missions	78.7	98.0	145.0	135.9	128.6	125.6

NASA

"Big 9" Projects





"Big 9" FY 2012 Milestones

Hypersonic Inflatable Aerodynamic Decelerators Human Robotic Systems Low Density Supersonic CDR IRVE-3 Delta CDR System Tests Integrate Software on Rover PDR CDR System Tests Launch Exd Complete Complete Design Rover Cannon Drawings Assembly CDR CDR	Develop 5m Demo. Unit Test Multiple Tests
Inflatable Aerodynamic Decelerators Delta CDR System Tests System Tests	Test Test Multiple
Robotic Systems Software on Rover Design Rover Cannon Drawings Assembly Low Density Supersonic PDR CDR	
Supersonic CDR	
Decelerators SDV 1 Test SDV 2 Test KDP-C Test	
Deep Space Atomic Clock KDP-B	
Mission Capable Solar Sail Test Test Mechanism Test	PDR
Cryogenic Propellant Storage and Transfer MCR KDP-A	
Relay Demo. MCR MCR	Cey DP aunch
Satellite RFI RFI RRM Workshop Released Complete OPS	relopment riew iical Event



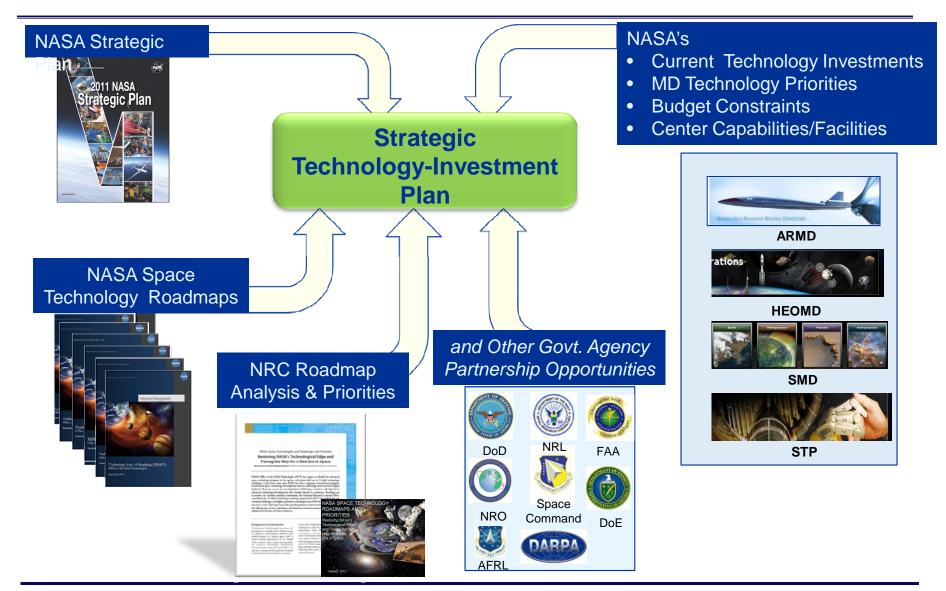
T&I Committee OCT Observations

OCT Actions in Process

- Finishing accounting process of Agency-wide technology investments portfolio
- Analyzing NRC Report
 - Already investing in all 16 highest priority technologies
 - Some adjustments will be necessary as a result of NRC Report findings (under-investing in some areas)
- Preparing Strategic Technology Investment Plan



NASA Strategic Technology-Investment Plan



Creating the 4-Year NASA Strategic Technology-Investment Plan

OCT SI will coordinate development of NASA Strategic Technology-Investment Plan with support from MD and Center Chief Technologists.

- Finalize MD Technology priorities
- Generate list of current Agency technologies development activities/projects
- Identify budget constraints
- Identify Center technology capabilities/facilities
- Identify (OGA, commercial) partners with interest in gap areas
- Identifying gap areas
- Integrate roadmaps, NRC priorities and recommendations
- Prepare 4-year plan to fund technologies in gap areas



NASA "grand" missions are technology-enabled.

- JWST, MSL, ISS—type of work NASA should be doing
- Demonstrates NASA/U.S. technical leadership

"Future U.S. leadership in space requires a foundation of sustained technology advances...NASA's technology base is largely depleted." –NRC Report



What is the appropriate percentage of NASA's budget that should be devoted to technology investment? Ten percent?

- We couldn't find accounting that told us what percentage of NASA budget is technology investment. (Although effort under way by OCT to determine this.)
- Three Categories
 - Mission Support/Pull (mission specific or vehicle/architecture) specific, mid-high TRL)
 - Crosscutting (mid-high TRL)
 - e.g. cryogenic fluid management in space, solar electric propulsion
 - "Seed Corn" (low-mid TRL)
 - Disruptive
 - Developing people, as well as ideas/maintaining core competencies



- A number of astute administrators, including present, have organizationally fenced off the budget for "seed corn" and crosscutting investments that includes research and technology and system-level demonstrations to preserve options for the future.
 - When "seed corn" investment isn't organizationally fenced off, it gets eaten!
 - e.g. Constellation eating tech budget to fix development issues
- What fraction of the technology budget should be set aside for "seed corn"?



"NASA needs a disciplined system analysis for management of the space technology portfolio." -NRC Report

 Systems analysis is critical for assessing the value of particular technologies on overall future systems' performance.



Challenging missions require that NASA maintain an essential set of technical core competencies.

- Technology
- Technically educated/experienced people
- Facilities
- Labs (e.g. NRC Report on NASA labs)
- Who is accountable for maintaining these core competencies? Is this a governance issue?



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